



Shipment Terms

2 FCA – Free Carrier (named place)

The seller is required to deliver the goods to a carrier named by the buyer (e.g. transporter)

Free Carrier means that the seller has fulfilled his obligations to deliver a commodity when he has handed the goods over, (with all relevant documentation) into the charge of the carrier named by the buyer at the named point or place.

This term can refer to any means of transport ‘Carrier’ means any person who, in a contract of carriage, undertakes to perform or procure carriage (transport) by rail, road, sea or air etc.

| The Seller must; | The Buyer must; |
|---|--|
| Provide goods in conformity with the contract | Pay the price stipulated in the contract |
| Load the goods onto the transport provided by the buyer | Inform the Seller of all details of the transporters |
| | Contract transport |
| | |

The seller’s risk on the goods ends when the goods are loaded onto the carrier. The buyer’s risk on the goods starts as the goods are deposited onto the carrier.

Proof of delivery is generally considered to be either a weighbridge document, or a tally of bags loaded.

Within a FCA contract the seller will give the Buyer a period within which the goods must be collected by a carrier named by the Buyer, after such a date all costs (and constraints) of storage along with increases in loading costs will be for the seller’s account.